One-hundred and eighty-seven Patrol Craft were in service on December 1, 1941, ranging from the six-inch-gunned ERIES down to the tiny but deadly PT's. Another 247 were building or under conversion. Most of the smaller Patrol Craft operate with local defence forces from Section Bases, recently established along both Coasts and in Island Possessions as part of the Naval District organization, on British Territory in the Atlantic and on Danish Iceland and Greenland. Through 1940-1941 a dozen Coast Guard Cutters operated under naval Command. On Nov. 1, 1941 the U. S. Coast Guard became part of the Navy (See pages 56-58).

| | Type and Serial Number | Built | | Stand- | Dimensions | | | Machinery | | Armament | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|-----|
| Name | | Begun | Com- pleted | ard Ton- nage | Length Overall | Beam | Mean Draft | Horse- power | Speed | Main | Anti- Aircraft | Men |
| CHARLESTON (F)PG 51 | | 1934 | 1936 | 2,000 | 328' 6" | 41' 3" | 11′ 4″ | 7,000 | 20.0 | 4-6"/47 | 10 Small | 201 |
| Erie (F) | | 1934 1919 | 1936 1923 | 1,270 | 241' 2" | | 9' 11" | 850 | 12.0 | 3-4"/50 | 9 Small | 162 |
| HASHEVILLE (F)PG 21 | | 1917 | 1920 | 1,210 | 241 2 | ш | 9 11 | 650 | 12.0 | 5-4 / 50 | 9 billali | 102 |
| SACRAMENTO (F) PG 19 | | 1913 | 1914 | 1.140 | 226' 2" | 40' 10" | 9' 7" | 950 | 12.5 | " | 8 Small | 66 |
| | | 1903 | 1905 | 1,085 | 200' 5" | 35' 0" | 12' 3" | 1,220 | 12.5 | 4-4"/40 | 4-6 pdr. | 172 |
| DUBUQUE. (Ex-AG6) PG17 | | 1903 | 1905 | " | " | 44 | " | " | " | a' | ii. | " |
| | | 1926 | 1928 | 560 | 210' 9" | 31' 1" | 5' 7" | 3,150 | 16.0 | 2-3''/50 | 10 Small | 80 |
| LUZON (F)PR 7 | | 1926 | 1928 | " | " | ш | " | u | " | a | " | " |
| OAHUPR 6 | | 1926 | 1928 | 450 | 191' 1" | 28' 1" | 5' 3" | 2,250 | 15.0 | 4 | а | 65 |
| TUTUILA (To China) .PR 4 | | 1926 | 1928 | 370 | 159′ 5″ | 27' 1" | 5′ 1″ | 1,950 | 14.5 | 2-3''/23 | * | 60 |
| WAKEPR 3 | | 1926 | 1927 | 710 | 245' 3" | 26' 0" | 1 | 0.400 | 00.0 | 0.04/20 | 0.04/00 | 1.0 |
| | | 1916 | 1917 | 710 | 200' 9" | 25' 9" | 8' 6" | 8,400 | 26.0 | 2-3"/50 | 2-3"/23 | 112 |
| EAGLE BOATS PE1-112 Type 1918-9 PC578 Class (Steel) PC 1941 | | 1918-9 | 1919 1942 | 430 | 173' 0" | 25 9 | 6' 6" | 2,500 | 18.0 | 2-4"/50 | 1-3"/50 | 00 |
| C461 Class(Steel) PC 1940 | | | 1942 | 335 | 165' 0" | | | 2,400 | 25.0 | | | |
| PC497 Class(Wood) PC 1941 | | | 1942 | 100 | 110' 0" | 18' 0" | 6' 0" | 1,200 | 20+ | | | |
| PC1-448 Class. (Wood) PC 191 | | 1917 | 1918 | 75 | 110'0" | 15' 6" | 5' 5" | 660 | 17.0 | 1-3' '/28 | 2 Small | 19 |
| | | | 1941 | | 77' 0" | * | | 4,050 | 50+ | 4 Tubes | 4-50 MG | 10 |
| T10 Type (Wood) PT10-20 1939 | | 1940 | 35 | 70' 0" | 15' 0" | 3' 0" | 4,050 | 50+ | 4 Tubes | 4-50 MG | 10 | |

GUNBOATS (PG): TWO ERIE CLASS OF 1933



U.S.S. ERIE

Official U. S. Navy Photograph

GUNBOATS (PG)-FIVE OF 1902-1918

No. Name First Comm.
22—TULSA. 1923
21—ASHEVILLE. 1920
One of 1911
19—SACRAMENTO. 1914
Two of 1902
18—PADUCAH (ex-AG7) 1905
17—DUBUQUE (ex-AG6) 1905
Single screw geared turbines in PG21-22; reciprocating engines in others.

Two of 1916-1918



U.S.S. TULSA

Courtesy Ted Stone

Of a once numerous type, TULSA and ASHEVILLE based at Canton, China, before the war. SACRAMENTO, long on the Asiatic Station, has been in the Atlantic since 1939. Now oil-fired, the PG19 operates with the Inshore Patrol. Between wars the PG17 and 18 were classed as Training Ships. The U. S. Coast Guard's larger Cutters are generally similar to the Navy's Gunboats.

RIVER GUNBOATS (PR)—FIVE OF 1924

No. Name First Comm.

\$\frac{4}{4}\text{MINDANAO} \quad \quad \quad 1928 \\
\text{One of 450 Tons} \\

6\frac{4}{4}\text{OAHU} \quad \quad \quad 1928 \\
\text{Two of 370 Tons} \\
4-\text{TUTUILA} \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad 1928 \\
\frac{4}{4}\text{WAKE (Ex-Guam)} \quad \qu

Two of 560 Tons



U.S.S. WAKE

Official U. S. Navy Photo

Twin screw, shallow draft Gunboats. built to patrol Chinese Rivers. All were built at Shanghai. The TUTUILA was transferred to the Chinese Navy in March 1942. The OAHU, LUZON and MINDANAO, active at Bataan and Corregidor, were demolished during May. The 450-ton PANAY was sunk by Jap aircraft on Dec. 12, 1937.